

State of West Virginia DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

Office of Inspector General Board of Review 4190 Washington Street West Charleston, WV 25313

Joe Manchin III
Governor

Martha Yeager Walker Secretary

Governor March 20, 2006 Case Name: _____ Dear Ms. : Attached is a copy of the findings of fact and conclusions of law on ______'s hearing held February 27, 2006. The hearing request was based on the Department of Health and Human Resources' proposal to discharge Mr. _____ from the nursing facility, for violating the smoking policy. In arriving at a decision, the State Hearings Officer is governed by the Public Welfare Laws of West Virginia and the rules and regulations established by the Department of Health and Human Resources. These same laws and regulations are used in all cases to assure that all persons are treated alike. Eligibility for Nursing Home Care is based on current policy and regulations. Some of these regulations state as follows: Transfer and discharge requirements. The facility must permit each resident to remain in the facility, and not transfer or discharge the resident from the facility unless--(i) The transfer or discharge is necessary for the resident's welfare and the resident's needs cannot be met in the facility; (ii) The transfer or discharge is appropriate because the resident's health has improved sufficiently so the resident no longer needs the services provided by the facility; (iii) The safety of individuals in the facility is endangered; (iv) The health of individuals in the facility would otherwise be endangered; (v) The resident has failed, after reasonable and appropriate notice, to pay for (or to have paid under

Medicare or Medicaid) a stay at the facility. For a resident who becomes eligible for Medicaid after admission to a facility, the facility may charge a resident only allowable charges under Medicaid; or

(vi) The facility ceases to operate. (42CFR483.12 (a) (2) Transfer and Discharge Rights).

The information submitted at the hearing revealed: Hospital failed to follow specific regulations relating to Mr's proposed discharge/transfer.	c			
It is the decision of the State Hearings Officer to REVERSE the PROPOSAL of the Department to discharge Mr from the nursing facility.				
Sincerely,				
Ray B. Woods, Jr., M.L.S. State Hearing Officer				
Member, State Board of Review				
Erika H. Young, Chairman, Board of Review Senior Assistant Attorney General RN/CEO – Hospital, Father				

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN RESOURCES BOARD OF REVIEW

,	
	Claimant,
v.	Action Number: 05-BOR-6893
	inia Department of d Human Resources,
	Respondent.
	DECISION OF STATE HEARING OFFICER
I.	INTRODUCTION:
	This is a report of the State Hearing Officer resulting from a fair hearing concluded on March 20, 2006 for This hearing was held in accordance with the provisions found in the Common Chapters Manual, Chapter 700 of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources. This fair hearing was originally scheduled on December 8, 2005 on a timely appeal filed November 8, 2005, Esq. of Legal Aid of West Virginia was retained to represent Mr The hearing finally convened on February 27, 2006.
	It should be noted here that the claimant's benefits have been continued pending a hearing decision.
II.	PROGRAM PURPOSE:
	The Program entitled Nursing Home Care is set up cooperatively between the Federal and State governments and administered by the West Virginia Department of Health & Human Resources.
	A skilled nursing facility must operate and provide services in compliance with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and regulations, and with accepted professional standards and principles, which apply to professionals providing services in such a facility.
III.	PARTICIPANTS:
	, Esq. – Legal Aid of West Virginia , Father of , Cousin of

Senior Assistant Attorney General

		RN/Chief Executive Officer (CEO) Hospital
		ing at the Hearing was, Ray B. Woods, Jr., M.L.S., State Hearing Officer and a member State Board of Review.
IV.	QUES	STIONS TO BE DECIDED:
	42CFI	uestion(s) to be decided is: Did Hospital follow established guidelines under R483.12(a) Transfer and Discharge Rights, to support Mr''s proposed discharge he facility.
v.	APPL	ICABLE POLICY:
	42CFI	R483.12(a) Transfer and Discharge Rights
VI.	LIST	ING OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE ADMITTED:
	<u>Depai</u>	rtment's Exhibits:
	D-1 D-2 D-3	West Virginia Division of Personnel, Smoking Restrictions in the Workplace Policy Letter to, August 23, 2004 A Regulation Eliminating Smoking in Workplaces and Public Places, Effective 11-25-
	D-4	2004, a.k.a., County Clean Indoor Air Regulation of 2004 Resident Smoking Policy
	D-5	Safe Smoking Evaluation for, October 7, 2004
	D-6	Summary of Nursing Notes, August 11, 2005 through October 12, 2005
	D-7 D-8	Memorandum re: Hospital's New Smoking Policy, April 8, 2005 Notice of Proposed Involuntary Discharge/Transfer, October 13, 2005
	D-8 D-9	Not admitted
	D-10	Notice of Proposed Involuntary Discharge/Transfer, April 8, 2005
	D-11	Notice of Proposed Involuntary Discharge/Transfer, June 2, 2005
	D-12	Nurses Notes, September 20, 2005 through October 12, 2005
	Claim	nants' Exhibits:
	C-1	Physician Notes, August 2, 2005 through October 18, 2005
	C-2	Social Services Notes, June 9, 2005 through November 8, 2005
	C-3	West Virginia Bureau for Behavioral Health Services, Health Facilities web page www.wvdhhr.org/bhhf/health.asp visited February 24, 2006
	C-4	Excerpt from FY 2007 Executive Budget
	C-5	Printout from Wintersong Village web pages visited February 24, 2006
		<www.thicare.com default.aspx="" wintersongvillage=""></www.thicare.com>
		<www.thicare.com features.aspx="" wintersongvillage=""></www.thicare.com>
		< www.thicare.com/WintersongVillage/clinical.aspx>

	C-6	Printout from randmenally.com Driving distance from, WV to, OH visited February 24, 2006
	C-7	Letter from
	C-8	Letter from
VII.	FIND	INGS OF FACT:
		Hospital is a public long term care facility located in West Virginia perated by the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources, Bureau for iteral Health and Health Facilities.
	Virgin state f Bureau	Hospital has always allowed residents to smoke in and around its facility ed that they follow its policies and all appropriate laws and regulations. When the Wessia Division of Personnel issued its smoking restrictions banning all indoor smoking in all accilities, including state hospitals (Ex. D-1), the Commissioner of the Department's for Behavior Health and Health Facilities received an exception for residents of long are facilities (Ex. D-2), upon the request of Ms.
	_	On October 25, 2004, the County Board of Health issued its Clean Indoor Air ation of 2004 which effectively banned all smoking in facilities such as all because they are public places that must protect the health of non-smokers. (Ex. D
smoke	not sn permit Regula in desi limited	On advice of counsel, Hospital continued to allow current residents to smoke the building in designated areas, but did not permit new residents or residents who did noke at the time to smoke inside the building within such areas Instead, they were ted to smoke outside at designated times and places. In response to the County ations, issued new smoking regulations. Smokers were only permitted to gnated areas, both inside and outside the Hospital. Smoking times were scheduled during a periods, and smoking residents must be supervised by a staff member. Visitors were and the general public were required to adhere to this smoking policy. (Ex. D-4).
	who m depend smokin consec	Mr is a 53 year old male with a primary diagnosis of multiple sclerosis nust use a wheelchair. Mr was admitted to on August 4, 1999. He is a dent smoker (Ex. D-5), who has repeatedly failed to comply with the Hospital's current policy, even though it is undisputed that he understands the policy and the quences for not complying with it (Ex. D-6). He has repeatedly demonstrated both all and verbal abuse to both Hospital staff and even his own family. (Ex. 5, 6 & 2).
	compl	Two previous Notices of Discharge were filed (Ex. D-10 & 11), but dismissed upon's promise to comply with the smoking policy, he repeatedly refused to with the smoking policy. A third Notice of Discharge was filed October 13, 2005 (Ex and Mr's representative filed an appeal of the discharge.
	7)	Ms. testified about the various attempts to persuade Mr to
	compl	y with the smoking regulations. On occasion, Mr's cigarettes and lighter had

been removed from him.
8) has tried to place a smoking apron on Mr to protect him and the other patients from possible fire in the event that it occurs during periods of non-compliance Mr refuses to wear the smoking apron. Neither Mr nor any other resident have required medical treatment related to Mr 's smoking.
9) has been unable to discover the source providing Mr with cigarettes and matches which enable him to smoke unsupervised outside of the designated times and places. Mr refuses to divulge the source, and the family believes the Hospital staff are providing the cigarettes.
10) is not a secure facility and there are numerous visitors, vendors, and general public in the Hospital every day. There are no restrictions on resident mobility throughout the hospital.
11) The Notice of Transfer/Discharge, dated October 13, 2005, was sent to's father,
Mr Mr was not provided a copy of the "Notice." The reasons given for the Transfer/Discharge are as follows:
"The resident continues to refuse to comply with the facility's "Smoking Policy", i.e., continues to obtain and keep cigarettes and lighters on his person and refuses to give them up when asked for them or to tell where he is getting the cigarettes and lighters. 2) In addition to blatantly smoking in designated areas where he can and has been observed, he has also been observed smoking in non-designated smoking areas. 3) The resident's failure to comply with this facility's "Smoking Policy" not only puts him at risk of injury or loss of life but also potentially jeopardizes every person in the facility. 4) The resident has been given multiple opportunities to change his behavior but continues to persist in non-compliance. Therefore, we have no choice but to proceed with pursuing discharge planning.
We will start looking for an alternative placement for Mr as quickly as possible. Finding placement locally may be difficult because of his behaviors, therefore, we may have to look for placement as far as out of state"
12) The Notice of Transfer/Discharge dated October 13, 2005 did not contain the effective date of the transfer/discharge, or the location to which Mr was being transferred/discharged;
13) According to Ms Hospital planned to discharge Mr to an an an an arrange facility. Ms further testified that could provide all of the services located on s web page (Ex. C-5).
14) The Physician's Progress Notes for the period August 2 through October 18, 2005, does not indicate that Mr's examining physician, Dr. was aware of any problems related to Mr's smoking. As such, the progress notes do not indicate that a discharge is necessary to meet Mr's needs.

- The testimony received from Mr. _____ and Ms. ____ was considered more **15**) emotional than factual. It did not provide any useful information. Mr. _____ did not attend the hearing. **16**) 42CFR483.12 (a) (1-7) Transfer and Discharge Rights states: **17**) (1) Definition: Transfer and discharge includes movement of a resident to a bed outside of the certified facility whether that bed is in the same physical plant or not. Transfer and discharge does not refer to movement of a resident to a bed within the same certified facility. (2) Transfer and discharge requirements. The facility must permit each resident to remain in the facility, and not transfer or discharge the resident from the facility unless--(i) The transfer or discharge is necessary for the resident's welfare and the resident's needs cannot be met in the facility; (ii) The transfer or discharge is appropriate because the resident's health has improved sufficiently so the resident no longer needs the services provided by the facility; (iii) The safety of individuals in the facility is endangered; (iv) The health of individuals in the facility would otherwise be endangered; (v) The resident has failed, after reasonable and appropriate notice, to pay for (or to have paid under Medicare or Medicaid) a stay at the facility. For a resident who becomes eligible for Medicaid after admission to a facility, the facility may charge a resident only allowable charges under Medicaid; or (vi) The facility ceases to operate. (3) Documentation. When the facility transfers or discharges a resident under any of the circumstances specified in paragraphs (a) (2) (i) through (v) of this section, the resident's clinical record must be documented. The documentation must be made by--(i) The resident's physician when transfer or discharge is necessary under paragraph (a) (2) (i) or paragraph (a) (2) (ii) of this section; and (ii) A physician when transfer or discharge is necessary under paragraph (a) (2) (iv) of this section. (4) Notice before transfer. Before a facility transfers or discharges a resident, the facility must-(i) Notify the resident and, if known, a family member or legal representative of the resident of the transfer or discharge and the reasons for the move in writing and in a language and manner
- (ii) Record the reasons in the resident's clinical record; and

they understand.

(iii) Include in the notice the items described in paragraph (a) (6) of this section.

- (5) Timing of the notice. (i) Except when specified in paragraph (a) (5) (ii) of this section, the notice of transfer or discharge required under paragraph (a) (4) of this section must be made by the facility at least 30 days before the resident is transferred or discharged.
- (ii) Notice may be made as soon as practicable before transfer or discharge when--
- (A) the safety of individuals in the facility would be endangered under paragraph (a) (2) (iii) of this section;
- (B) The health of individuals in the facility would be endangered, under paragraph (a) (2) (iv) of this section:
- (C) The resident's health improves sufficiently to allow a more immediate transfer or discharge, under paragraph (a) (2) (ii) of this section;
- (D) An immediate transfer or discharge is required by the resident's urgent medical needs, under paragraph (a) (2) (i) of this section; or
- (E) A resident has not resided in the facility for 30 days.
- (6) Contents of the notice. The written notice specified in paragraph (a) (4) of this section must include the following:
- (i) The reason for transfer or discharge;
- (ii) The effective date of transfer or discharge;
- (iii) The location to which the resident is transferred or discharged;
- (iv) A statement that the resident has the right to appeal the action to the State;
- (v) The name, address and telephone number of the State long term care ombudsman;
- (vi) For nursing facility residents with developmental disabilities, the mailing address and telephone number of the agency responsible for the protection and advocacy of developmentally disabled individuals established under Part C of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act; and
- (vii) For nursing facility residents who are mentally ill, the mailing address and telephone number of the agency responsible for the protection and advocacy of mentally ill individuals established under the Protection and Advocacy for Mentally Ill Individuals Act.
- (7) Orientation for transfer or discharge. A facility must provide sufficient preparation and orientation to residents to ensure safe and orderly transfer or discharge from the facility.

VIII.	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:
	1) Hospital failed to comply with specific requirements listed in the Code of Federal Regulations, relating to their proposed discharge/transfer of Mr This is explained using the Regulations under 42CFR483.12 (a) (1-7) <i>Transfer and Discharge Rights</i> .
	2) 42CFR483.12 (a) (1-7) Transfer and Discharge Rights states:
	(1) Definition: Transfer and discharge includes movement of a resident to a bed outside of the certified facility whether that bed is in the same physical plant or not. Transfer and discharge does not refer to movement of a resident to a bed within the same certified facility.
	(2) Transfer and discharge requirements. The facility must permit each resident to remain in the facility, and not transfer or discharge the resident from the facility unless
	(i) The transfer or discharge is necessary for the resident's welfare and the resident's needs cannot be met in the facility; No Documentation Provided.
	(ii) The transfer or discharge is appropriate because the resident's health has improved sufficiently so the resident no longer needs the services provided by the facility; Not Applicable.
	(iii) The safety of individuals in the facility is endangered; Not Documented by a Physician.
	(iv) The health of individuals in the facility would otherwise be endangered; Not Documented by a Physician.
	(v) The resident has failed, after reasonable and appropriate notice, to pay for (or to have paid under Medicare or Medicaid) a stay at the facility. For a resident who becomes eligible for Medicaid after admission to a facility, the facility may charge a resident only allowable charges under Medicaid; Not Applicable or
	(vi) The facility ceases to operate. Not Applicable.
	(3) Documentation. When the facility transfers or discharges a resident under any of the circumstances specified in paragraphs (a) (2) (i) through (v) of this section, the resident's clinical record must be documented. The documentation must be made by
	(i) The resident's physician when transfer or discharge is necessary under paragraph (a) (2) (i) or paragraph (a) (2) (ii) of this section; No Documentation Provided and
	(ii) A physician when transfer or discharge is necessary under paragraph (a) (2) (iv) of this section. No Documentation Provided.
	(4) Notice before transfer. Before a facility transfers or discharges a resident, the facility must- (i) Notify the resident and, if known, a family member or legal representative of the resident of the transfer or discharge and the reasons for the move in writing and in a language and manner they understand Hospital did not notify Mr, but did

properly notify his legal representative, Mr. ______

- (ii) Record the reasons in the resident's clinical record; The Nurses Notes from September 20, 2005 through October 12, 2005 lists three (3) incidents of smoking.
- (iii) Include in the notice the items described in paragraph (a) (6) of this section.
- (5) Timing of the notice. (i) Except when specified in paragraph (a) (5) (ii) of this section, the notice of transfer or discharge required under paragraph (a) (4) of this section must be made by the facility at least 30 days before the resident is transferred or discharged. **The October 13**, **2005 Notice of Discharge/Transfer did not specify a discharge/transfer date.**
- (ii) Notice may be made as soon as practicable before transfer or discharge when--
- (A) the safety of individuals in the facility would be endangered under paragraph (a) (2) (iii) of this section; **Not Documented by a Physician.**
- (B) The health of individuals in the facility would be endangered, under paragraph (a) (2) (iv) of this section; **Not Documented by a Physician.**
- (C) The resident's health improves sufficiently to allow a more immediate transfer or discharge, under paragraph (a) (2) (ii) of this section; **Not Applicable.**
- (D) An immediate transfer or discharge is required by the resident's urgent medical needs, under paragraph (a) (2) (i) of this section; **Not Applicable** or
- (E) A resident has not resided in the facility for 30 days. **Not Applicable.**
- (6) Contents of the notice. The written notice specified in paragraph (a) (4) of this section must include the following:
- (i) The reason for transfer or discharge; **Included.**
- (ii) The effective date of transfer or discharge; **Not Included.**
- (iii) The location to which the resident is transferred or discharged; **Not Included.**
- (iv) A statement that the resident has the right to appeal the action to the State; **Included.**
- (v) The name, address and telephone number of the State long term care ombudsman **Included.**
- (vi) For nursing facility residents with developmental disabilities, the mailing address and telephone number of the agency responsible for the protection and advocacy of developmentally disabled individuals established under Part C of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act; **Not Applicable** and
- (vii) For nursing facility residents who are mentally ill, the mailing address and telephone number of the agency responsible for the protection and advocacy of mentally ill individuals established under the Protection and Advocacy for Mentally Ill Individuals Act. **Not Applicable.**

(7) Orientation for transfer or discharge. A facility must provide sufficient preparation and orientation to residents to ensure safe and orderly transfer or discharge from the facility. Not Documented.
IX. DECISION:
It is the decision of this State Hearing Officer to REVERSE the PROPOSAL of the Department in this particular matter.
RIGHT OF APPEAL:
See Attachment
ATTACHMENTS:
The Claimant's Recourse to Hearing Decision
Form IG-BR-29
ENTERED this 20th Day of March, 2006.
Ray B. Woods, Jr., M.L.S. State Hearing Officer

X.

XI.