

State of West Virginia DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES Office of Inspector General Board of Review 1027 N. Randolph Ave. Elkins, WV 26241

Earl Ray Tomblin Governor Rocco S. Fucillo Cabinet Secretary

November 21, 2012

Dear Mr:		

Attached is a copy of the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law on your hearing held November 15, 2012. Your hearing request was based on the Department of Health and Human Resources' action to reduce your Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits based on the imposition of a work sanction.

In arriving at a decision, the State Hearing Officer is governed by the Public Welfare Laws of West Virginia and the rules and regulations established by the Department of Health and Human Resources. These same laws and regulations are used in all cases to assure that all persons are treated alike.

SNAP eligibility is based on current policy and regulations. Some of these regulations state that a penalty is imposed when a non-exempt SNAP recipient fails to comply with a work requirement and does not have good cause. The minimum penalty must be served unless the client meets an exemption. For a second violation, the individual is removed from the Assistance Group for at least six months or until he meets an exemption, whichever is less. (West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Section 13.6).

Information submitted at your hearing reveals that you failed to register with WorkForce West Virginia in a timely manner and were correctly placed in a SNAP work sanction effective October 2012.

It is the decision of the State Hearing Officer to **uphold** the action of the Department to apply a work penalty and reduce your SNAP benefits effective October 2012.

Sincerely,

Pamela L. Hinzman State Hearing Officer Member, State Board of Review

cc: Erika H. Young, Chairman, Board of Review Nancy Wooddell, WVDHHR

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN RESOURCES BOARD OF REVIEW

IN RE: ----.

Claimant,

v. ACTION NO.: 12-BOR-2317

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

Respondent.

DECISION OF STATE HEARING OFFICER

I. INTRODUCTION:

This is a report of the State Hearing Officer resulting from a fair hearing for ----. This hearing was held in accordance with the provisions found in the Common Chapters Manual, Chapter 700 of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources. This fair hearing was convened telephonically on November 15, 2012, on a timely appeal filed October 2, 2012.

II. PROGRAM PURPOSE:

The purpose of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is to provide an effective means of utilizing the nation's abundance of food "to safeguard the health and well-being of the nation's population and raise levels of nutrition among low-income households." This is accomplished through the issuance of benefits to households who meet the eligibility criteria established by the Food and Nutrition Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

III. PARTICIPANTS:

----, Claimant

Nancy Wooddell, Economic Service Worker, WVDHHR

Presiding at the hearing was Pamela L. Hinzman, State Hearing Officer and a member of the State Board of Review.

IV. QUESTION TO BE DECIDED:

The question to be decided is whether the Department took the correct action in reducing the Claimant's SNAP benefits based on the imposition of a work requirement penalty.

V. APPLICABLE POLICY:

West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Sections 13.2.A.2, 13.5.A and 13.6.A

VI. LISTING OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE ADMITTED:

Department's Exhibits:

- D-1 Notice of Decision dated August 31, 2012
- D-2 Notice of Decision- request for WorkForce West Virginia registration- dated July 30, 2012
- D-3 WorkForce West Virginia registration information
- D-4 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Section 13.2
- D-5 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Section 13.5

VII. FINDINGS OF FACT:

- 1) The Claimant was a recipient of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits.
- 2) On July 30, 2012, the Department sent the Claimant a notice (D-2), informing him that he must register with the Bureau of Employment Programs (BEP)/WorkForce West Virginia by August 26, 2012, as he was a mandatory work registrant.
- WVDHHR Economic Service Worker (ESW) Nancy Wooddell testified that the Claimant failed to register by August 26, 2012, and a six-month penalty was imposed on the Claimant's SNAP case effective October 2012. The Claimant was informed of the penalty and the reduction of his SNAP benefits in a Notice of Decision dated August 31, 2012 (D-1).
- 4) ESW Wooddell testified that the Claimant registered with BEP/WorkForce West Virginia on October 1, 2012 (see Exhibit D-3); however, the sanction had started on October 1, 2012, and could not be lifted.
- The Claimant testified that he believed he was already registered with BEP/WorkForce West Virginia, as a worker at that agency informed him he was registered in May 2012. He indicated that he is a seasonal worker, currently has no income, and will be unable to live without his SNAP benefits. He stated that he had been away from his residence recently, taking care of a family member.

6) West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Section 13.5.A (D-5) states:

All mandatory individuals must register for employment with WorkForce West Virginia, within 30 days of the date of the original approval, unless exempt according to Section 13.2. Recipients must register every 12 months thereafter, regardless of the length of time that WorkForce West Virginia considers the registration valid. Actions which constitute a registration are defined by WorkForce West Virginia...

A recipient who fails to register by the due date established on the DFA-6 or verification checklist is subject to a SNAP penalty and the Worker must send an adverse action notice. See Section 13.6. If the Worker discovers or the client notifies the Worker that he registered anytime before the end of the month in which the adverse notice expires, the penalty is not imposed and any lost benefits are restored...

7) West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Section 13.6.A states:

A SNAP penalty is imposed when the individuals listed below do not comply with a work requirement and do not have good cause...

A non-WV WORKS recipient who does not comply with the SNAP work requirements in Section 13.2-13.5 is subject to the following penalties.

The minimum penalty must be served unless the client meets an exemption. The penalty is never applied to an entire AG, only to the individual who does not comply. When the reported exemption ends, the client is subject to the original penalty, unless he has complied or meets another exemption...

A non-WV WORKS recipient who refuses or fails to register with WorkForce West Virginia, refuses employment or refuses to provide information about employment status and job availability is subject to the following penalties for at least the minimum penalty period or until he reports a change which makes him exempt from work requirements...

- First violation: The individual is removed from the AG for at least 3 months or until he meets an exemption, whichever is less. If after 3 months, the individual has not complied or met an exemption, the penalty continues until the failure or refusal stops, or until the individual reports a change that makes him exempt according to Section 13.2 for some reason other than UCI-related activities.

- Second violation: The individual is removed from the AG for at least an additional 6 months or until he meets an exemption, whichever is less. If after the 6 months, the individual has not complied or met an exemption, the penalty continues until the failure or refusal ceases, or until the individual reports a change that makes him exempt according to Section 13.2 for some reason other than UCI-related activities.

VIII. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

- 1) Policy reveals that all non-WV WORKS recipients who are mandatory work registrants must register with WorkForce West Virginia to maintain SNAP eligibility once every 12 months. If a mandatory work registrant fails to register with WorkForce West Virginia, he is removed from the Assistance Group for six months for a second violation or until he reports a change that makes him exempt. The minimum penalty must be served unless the client reports an exemption.
- 2) The Department requested that the Claimant register with WorkForce West Virginia by August 26, 2012, and the Claimant did not register until October 1, 2012, after his sixmonth sanction period had already begun.
- 3) Based on documentation and testimony offered during the hearing, the Department acted correctly in imposing a penalty on the Claimant's SNAP benefits effective October 2012.

IX. DECISION:

It is the decision of the State Hearing Officer to **uphold** the action of the Department in reducing the Claimant's SNAP benefits based on the imposition of a work penalty effective October 2012.

X. RIGHT OF APPEAL:

See Attachment

XI. ATTACHMENTS:

The Claimant's Recourse to Hearing Decision

Form IG-BR-29

ENTERED this 21st Day of November 2012.				
-	Pamela L. Hinzman			
	State Hearing Officer			