

State of West Virginia DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES Office of Inspector General Board of Review 2699 Park Avenue, Suite 100 Huntington, WV 25704

Earl Ray Knapp Governor Michael J. Lewis, M.D., Ph. D. Cabinet Secretary

February 24, 2011

----------Dear -----:

Attached is a copy of the findings of fact and conclusions of law on the SNAP Administrative Disqualification Hearing held December 7, 2010, for the purpose of determining whether an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) was committed by you.

In arriving at a decision, the State Hearing Officer is governed by the Public Welfare Laws of West Virginia and the rules and regulations established by the Department of Health and Human Resources. These same laws and regulations are used in all cases to assure that all persons are treated alike.

Eligibility for SNAP, formerly known as the Food Stamp Program, is based on current policy and regulations. Some of these regulations state as follows: Intentional Program Violations shall consist of having intentionally: (1) made a false or misleading statement or misrepresented, concealed or withheld facts or (2) committed any act that constitutes a violation of the Food Stamp Act, the Food Stamp Program Regulations, or any State statute relating to the use presentation, transfer, acquisition, receipt or possession of Food Stamp coupons. Individuals found to have committed an act of Intentional Program Violation will be ineligible for a specified time determined by the number of previous Intentional Program Violation disqualifications. (West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 20.2; Code of Federal Regulations 7 CFR §273.16)

Information submitted at the hearing reveals that you intentionally provided false and misleading information about your household composition and income in order to receive SNAP benefits for which you were not entitled.

It is the decision of the State Hearing Officer that an Intentional Program Violation was committed by you and a disqualification penalty of one (1) year will be applied. Your disqualification from SNAP will begin effective April 1, 2011.

Sincerely,

Todd Thornton State Hearing Officer Member, State Board of Review

cc: Erika H. Young, Chairman, Board of Review Cassandra Burns, Repayment Investigator

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN RESOURCES BOARD OF REVIEW

----,

Defendant,

v.

Action Number: 10-BOR-2002

West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources,

Movant.

DECISION OF STATE HEARING OFFICER

I. INTRODUCTION:

This is a report of the State Hearing Officer resulting from an Administrative Disqualification Hearing concluded on February 24, 2011, for ----. This hearing was held in accordance with the provisions found in the Common Chapters Manual, Chapter 700 of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources. This hearing was convened on December 7, 2010.

II. PROGRAM PURPOSE:

The purpose of SNAP, formerly known as the Food Stamp Program, is to provide an effective means of utilizing the nation's abundance of food "to safeguard the health and well-being of the nation's population and raise levels of nutrition among low-income households." This is accomplished through the issuance of EBT benefits to households who meet the eligibility criteria established by the Food and Nutrition Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

III. PARTICIPANTS:

Cassandra Burns, Department representative

Presiding at the Hearing was Todd Thornton, State Hearing Officer and a member of the State Board of Review.

IV. QUESTION TO BE DECIDED:

The question to be decided is whether or not the Defendant committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) and should be disqualified for a specified period from participation in SNAP.

V. APPLICABLE POLICY:

Code of Federal Regulations, 7 CFR §273.16 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 20.2; Chapter 9.1.A.2.h

VI. LISTING OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE ADMITTED:

Department's Exhibits:

- D-1 Hearing Summary
- D-2 Food Stamp Claim Determination form
- D-3 Food Stamp Claim Calculation Sheet
- D-4 SNAP Issuance History screen prints
- D-5 Food Stamp Allotment Determination screen prints
- D-6 Case Members History screen print
- D-7 Case Comments screen prints
- D-8 Employment verification
- D-9 Statement from -----
- D-10 Driver History Inquiry screen print
- D-11 Combined Application and Review Form (CAF) and Rights and Responsibilities form dated July 25, 2008
- D-12 Notification of Intent to Disqualify
- D-13 Waiver of Administrative Disqualification Hearing
- D-14 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 1.2
- D-15 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapters 20.1; 20.2
- D-16 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 20.6
- D-17 Code of Federal Regulations, 7 CFR §273.16

VII. FINDINGS OF FACT:

- 1) The Department is alleging an act of Intentional Program Violation, or IPV, in the Defendant's case, due to not reporting household composition and earned income affecting the Defendant's eligibility for SNAP, formerly known as the Food Stamp Program.
- The hearing convened as scheduled at 10:00 a.m., and as of 10:15 a.m., the Defendant failed to appear. As set forth in regulations (7 CFR §273.16(e)(4)), and State Policy (West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources Common Chapters Manual, 740.20), the hearing was conducted without the Defendant in attendance.

- 3) The Code of Federal Regulations, 7 CFR §273.16(c), defines an IPV as:
 - (c) Definition of intentional Program violation. Intentional Program violations shall consist of having intentionally:
 - (1) made a false or misleading statement, or misrepresented, concealed or withheld facts; or
 - (2) committed any act that constitutes a violation of the Food Stamp Act, the Food Stamp Program Regulations, or any State statute for the purpose of using, presenting, transferring, acquiring, receiving, possessing or trafficking of coupons, authorization cards or reusable documents used as part of an automated benefit delivery system (access device).
- The Department presented an application and rights and responsibilities form (Exhibit D-11) from a July 25, 2008 SNAP application. These forms were signed by the Defendant. The document listed the Defendant and her two children as residing in the household. is listed as an absent parent, and is not reported as residing in the home.
- The Department presented verification (Exhibit D-8) from Preschool & Childcare that the -----was employed with them during July and August 2008. The employer listed -----address as the same address provided by the Defendant on her July 25, 2008 SNAP application.
- A statement signed by ---- on September 24, 2008 (Exhibit D-9) indicated that he is a neighbor to the Defendant and that ----returned to the Defendant's residence "...three (3) or four (4) months ago."
- A screen print of -----driver's license information (Exhibit D-10) shows that his residence and mailing address is the same address listed by the Defendant on her July 25, 2008 SNAP application, and lists an issue date of July 24, 2008.
- 8) The Department presented documentation (Exhibit D-2) showing the calculation of the SNAP over issuance claim resulting from the addition of ----and his earned income to the Defendant's case. A claim was determined from July 2008 through August 2008 in the amount of \$278.00. The Department additionally confirmed that the Defendant has no prior IPV offenses, and that the proposed IPV would be a first offense.

9) The West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 9.1.A.2.h, states:

h. Intentional Program Violation (IPV)

Persons who have been found guilty of an IPV are disqualified as follows:

- 1st offense: 1 year

- 2nd offense: 2 years

- 3rd offense: Permanent

VIII. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The Department clearly established that the Defendant did not report or his earned income during a July 2008 SNAP application. The Department showed that this resulted in a SNAP over issuance claim of \$278.00.

The Department also clearly established the intent of the Defendant to provide misleading information to receive SNAP benefits for which she would not have otherwise been entitled. The Defendant made an application not only omitting the presence of but explicitly listing him as an absent parent out of the household. The Department was correct in its determination that an IPV was committed by the Defendant.

IX. DECISION:

Intentionally withholding, concealing, or providing misleading facts to secure SNAP benefits constitutes a clear violation of the regulations. Based on the evidence presented, I find the violation intentional.

The Agency's proposal to apply a SNAP disqualification is **upheld**. The Defendant will be disqualified from participation in SNAP for a period of twelve (12) months to begin effective April 1, 2011.

X. RIGHT OF APPEAL:

See Attachment

ATTACHMENTS:	
The Defendant's Recourse to Hearing Decision	
Form IG-BR-29	
ENTERED this Day of February, 2011.	
Todd Thornto	on .
State Hearing	g Officer

XI.