

State of West Virginia DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES Office of Inspector General

Board of Review
1027 N. Randolph Ave.
Elkins, WV 26241

Joe Manchin III Governor		Martha Yeager Walker Secretary
	August 8, 2006	
Dear Mrs:		

Attached is a copy of the findings of fact and conclusions of law on the Food Stamp Administrative Disqualification Hearing held August 4, 2006 to determine whether you committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV).

In arriving at a decision, the State Hearing Officer is governed by the Public Welfare Laws of West Virginia and the rules and regulations established by the Department of Health and Human Resources. These same laws and regulations are used in all cases to assure that all persons are treated alike.

Intentional Program Violations shall consist of having intentionally: (1) made a false or misleading statement or misrepresented, concealed or withheld facts or (2) committed any act that constitutes a violation of the Food Stamp Act, the Food Stamp Program Regulations, or any State statute relating to the use presentation, transfer, acquisition, receipt or possession of Food Stamp coupons. Individuals found to have committed an act of Intentional Program Violation will be ineligible for a specified time determined by the number of previous Intentional Program Violation disqualifications. (West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Section 20.2 and Code of Federal Regulations-7 CFR Section 273.16)

Testimony and evidence submitted at the hearing demonstrated that you violated Food Stamp Program regulations by using another individual's EBT card without authorization.

The State Hearing Officer finds that you committed an Intentional Program Violation and **upholds** the Department's proposal to disqualify you from participation in the Food Stamp Program for 12 months.

Sincerely,

Pamela L. Hinzman State Hearing Officer Member, State Board of Review

cc: Erika H. Young, Chairman, Board of Review Lynn McCourt, Repayment Investigator, DHHR

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN RESOURCES BOARD OF REVIEW

	Defendant,	
v. Action Number: 06-BOR-2297 West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources,		
	DECISION OF STATE HEARING OFFICER	
I.	INTRODUCTION:	
	This is a report of the State Hearing Officer resulting from a hearing concluded on August 8, 2006 for This hearing was held in accordance with the provisions found in the Common Chapters Manual, Chapter 700 of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources. This fair hearing was convened on August 4, 2006.	
	It should be noted here that the Defendant is a current recipient of Food Stamp benefits.	
	All persons giving testimony were placed under oath.	
II.	PROGRAM PURPOSE:	
	The program entitled Food Stamps is set up cooperatively between the Federal and State governments and administered by the West Virginia Department of Health & Human Resources.	
	The purpose of the Food Stamp Program is to provide an effective means of utilizing the nation's abundance of food to safeguard the health and well-being of the nation's population and raise levels of nutrition among low-income households. This is accomplished through the issuance of an EBT card to households who meet the eligibility criteria established by the Food and Nutrition Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.	
III.	PARTICIPANTS:	
	, Defendant's husband, Defendant's daughter Lynn McCourt, State Repayment Investigator, DHHR	
	The Defendant,, was unable to attend the hearing due to illness.	

Presiding at the hearing was Pamela L. Hinzman, State Hearing Officer and a member of the State Board of Review.

IV. QUESTIONS TO BE DECIDED:

The question to be decided is whether the Defendant committed an Intentional Program Violation and should be disqualified from participation in the Food Stamp Program for a period of one (1) year.

V. APPLICABLE POLICY:

7 CFR Section 273.16 USDA Code of Federal Regulations Common Chapters Manual Chapter 700, Appendix A West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Sections 1.3B, 1.4L, 9.1 and 20.2

VI. LISTING OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE ADMITTED:

Department's Exhibits:

- D-1 Department notifications and correspondence
- D-2 Hearing summary
- D-3 County Circuit Court Conviction Order and application with rights/responsibilities signed by Defendant
- D-4 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Sections 1.3B, 1.4L and 20.2

VII. FINDINGS OF FACT:

- A request for an Administrative Disqualification Hearing (D-1) was received by the Board of Review from State Repayment Investigator Lynn McCourt on July 3, 2006. Ms. McCourt contends that the Defendant committed an Intentional Program Violation and recommends that the Defendant be disqualified from participation in the Food Stamp Program for a period of one (1) year.
- Evidence submitted by the Department (D-3) indicates that the Defendant plead guilty and was convicted of possession of a counterfeit and unauthorized access device, a misdemeanor, and petit larceny, also a misdemeanor, in County Circuit Court. The court order, which was signed by County Circuit Judge on June 13, 2006, lists a conviction date of June 6, 2006. Ms. McCourt testified that this plea was based on the Defendant's use of another individual's Electronic Benefits Transfer (EBT) card, without permission, to obtain and use Food Stamps.
- The Claimant had signed a DFA-RR-1 Rights and Responsibilities form on November 3, 2005 and checked "yes" to the following information, which states, in part:

Question 1- I understand that Food Stamp benefits are to be used by my family and me to purchase food or seeds. I cannot sell my Food Stamp benefits or use someone else's benefits for myself.

Question 42- Also, it is understood that any person who obtains or attempts to obtain welfare benefits from DHHR by means of a willfully false statement or misrepresentation or by impersonation or any other fraudulent device can be charged with fraud.

- 4) Mr. ______ testified that his wife had fully admitted to wrongdoing and that repayment has already been made to the court. He testified that his daughter should not be penalized by a Food Stamp reduction stemming from his wife's actions.
- 5) West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Section 1.3B (D-4) states:

The DFA-RR-1 is required each time an OFS-2 or OFS-5 is completed. The client must read, or have read to him, all the statements preceding his signature before signing the form. He must also indicate his understanding of, or agreement with, each statement by checking the appropriate block inside the statement.

The Worker must provide any explanation and information the client needs to understand the statements. After completing all applicable sections, the client signs the form in the presence of the Worker. Failure to sign the form results in ineligibility.

6) West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Section 20.2 (D-4) states:

Intentional Program Violations include making false or misleading statements, misrepresentations, concealing or withholding information, and committing any act that violates the Food Stamp Act of 1977, Food Stamp regulations, or any State statute related to the use, presentation, transfer, acquisition, receipt, or possession of Food Stamps.

The individual(s) who is found to have committed an IPV is ineligible to participate in the Program for a specified time, depending on the number of offenses committed.

An IPV can only be established in the following ways:

- The client signs an IG-BR-44, Waiver of Rights, to an ADH; or
- By an ADH decision; or
- By court decision.

Once an IPV is established, a disqualification penalty is imposed on the AG member(s) who committed the IPV.

If a court fails to impose a disqualification period, the Department imposes the appropriate penalty as indicated in Section 9.1.A,2,g. If the court imposes a sanction that differs from those in Section 9.1A,2,g, the court-ordered sanction is applied.

- 7) West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual Section 9.1,A,2,g states that the penalty for a First Offense IPV is one (1)- year disqualification.
- 8) Common Chapters Manual 700, Appendix A, Section B, provides that an Intentional Program Violation shall consist of having intentionally (1) made a false or misleading statement, or misrepresented, concealed or withheld facts, or (2) Committed any act that constitutes a violation of the Food Stamp Act, the Food Stamp Program Regulations, or any State statute relating to the use, presentation, transfer, acquisition, receipt or possession of Food Stamp benefits.
- 9) 7 Code of Federal Regulations Section 273.16 states:

Intentional Program Violations shall consist of having intentionally:

- (1) made a false or misleading statement, or misrepresented, concealed or withheld facts; or
- (2) committed any act that constitutes a violation of the Food Stamp Act, the Food Stamp Program Regulations, or any State statute for the purpose of using, presenting, transferring, acquiring, receiving, possessing or trafficking of coupons, authorization cards or reusable documents used as part of an automated benefit delivery system (access device).
- 10) Common Chapters Manual 700, Appendix A, Section G (The Decision) states that the State Hearing Officer shall base the determination of Intentional Program Violation on clear and convincing evidence which demonstrates that the household member(s) committed, and intended to commit, an Intentional Program Violation as defined in Section B of Appendix A.

VIII. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

- 1) Policy states that if it is determined that an Intentional Program Violation has been committed, a disqualification penalty is imposed upon the household member. For a first offense, the penalty is one (1) year.
- 2) Policy requires the State Hearing Officer to base the determination of Intentional Program Violation on clear and convincing evidence which demonstrates that the Defendant committed, and intended to commit, an Intentional Program Violation.

- The Defendant entered a guilty plea in County Circuit Court to a misdemeanor charge of possession of a counterfeit and unauthorized access device. This plea was entered in conjunction with the Defendant's acquisition of food using another individual's EBT card without permission.
- 4) Based on this guilty plea, the Hearing Officer finds clear and convincing evidence to find that the Claimant committed an Intentional Program Violation.

IX. DECISION:

It is the decision of the State Hearing Officer to **uphold** the Department's proposal to disqualify the Defendant from the Food Stamp Program for a period of one (1) year based on the commission of an Intentional Program Violation.

X. RIGHT OF APPEAL:

See Attachment

XI. ATTACHMENTS:

The Claimant's Recourse to Hearing Decision

Form IG-BR-29

ENTERED this 8th Day of August, 2006.

Pamela L. Hinzman State Hearing Officer