Non-community public water supplies include any water supplies which provide water for human consumption to 25 or more persons who are not year-round residents for at least 60 days per year. Examples include restaurants, motels, campgrounds, service stations, industries, and parks.

As a minimum, all non-community public water supply systems must be operated by a Class 1D certified operator and are required to provide chlorination with a 30 minute flow-through contact time.

Inspection and enforcement action on public water supplies, including non-community supplies, are the responsibility of the Environmental Engineering Division which administers the Safe Drinking Water Act and the West Virginia Public Water System Regulations, 64 CSR 03.

Local health department sanitarians are to:

- Inspect non-community public water supplies routinely in conjunction with the main purpose of the visit, i.e., restaurant inspection, motel inspection, etc.; and when requested by this office. Samples should be taken only if the inspection indicates potential problems with the water supply.

- Report any problems encountered to the Environmental Engineering Division.

- Contact Environmental Engineering Division District Office staff prior to the issuance of a permit to determine if the non-community or community public water supply system serving the facility is in full compliance with the regulations.

References 64 CSR 03, Public Water System Regulations

History Replaces DW-13 dated December 6, 1995

Attachments