

	West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources				
	MANUAL OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH PROCEDURES				
Section	Drinking Water	Date	December 6, 1995	Procedure #	DW-13
Subject	Inspection of Non-Community Public Water Supplies			Page	1 of 1

Non-community public water supplies include any water supplies which provide piped water for human consumption to 25 or more persons who are not year-round residents for at least 60 days per year. Examples include restaurants, motels, campgrounds, service stations, industries, and parks. As a minimum, all non-community public water supply systems must be operated by a Class 1D certified operator and are required to provide chlorination with a 30 minute flow-through contact time.

Inspection of public water supplies, including non-community supplies, and enforcement actions are the responsibility of the Environmental Engineering Division which administers the Safe Drinking Water Act and state [Public Water System Regulations, 64 CSR 03](#).

Local health department sanitarians are to:

- Inspect non-community public water supplies routinely in conjunction with the main purpose of the visit, i.e., restaurant inspection, motel inspection, etc.; and when requested by this office.
- Report any problems encountered to the Environmental Engineering Division.
- Continue to collect bacteriological regulatory check samples in accordance with memorandum DW-11. (Regulatory check samples do not relieve the system from submitting regular compliance samples.)
- Contact Environmental Engineering Division District Office staff prior to the issuance of a permit to determine if the non-community or community public water supply system serving the facility is in full compliance with the regulations.

References [64 CSR 03, Public Water System Regulations](#)

History Replaces DW-13 dated November 14, 1983

Attachments