



State of West Virginia  
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES  
Office of Inspector General  
Board of Review  
P. O. Box 2590  
Fairmont, WV 26555

Joe Manchin III  
Governor

Martha Yeager Walker  
Secretary

April 15, 2008

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Dear Mr. \_\_\_\_\_:

Attached is a copy of the findings of fact and conclusions of law on your hearing held April 4, 2008. Your hearing request was based on the Department of Health and Human Resources' proposal to terminate your Medicaid Long-Term Care (Nursing Facility) benefits.

In arriving at a decision, the State Hearing Officer is governed by the Public Welfare Laws of West Virginia and the rules and regulations established by the Department of Health and Human Resources. These same laws and regulations are used in all cases to assure that all persons are treated alike.

Eligibility for Medicaid, Long Term Care (Nursing Facility) Services is based on current policy and regulations and requires eligible individuals to meet both medical and financial criteria. To qualify medically for the nursing facility Medicaid benefit, an individual must need direct nursing care twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week. The Bureau has designated a tool known as the Pre-Admission Screening form (PAS) to be utilized for physician certification of the medical needs of individuals applying for the Medicaid benefit. An individual must have a minimum of five (5) deficits identified on the PAS in order to qualify for the Medicaid nursing facility benefit.

The information submitted at your hearing reveals that your medical condition does not require a sufficient number of services and the degree of care required to qualify you for Medicaid, nursing facility level of care.

It is the decision of the State Hearing Officer to **uphold** the Department's action to deny your Medicaid Long-Term Care application based on medical eligibility.

Sincerely,

Thomas E. Arnett  
State Hearing Officer  
Member, State Board of Review

cc: Erika H. Young, Chairman, Board of Review  
Nora McQuain, RN, BMS

**BOARD OF REVIEW**

\_\_\_\_\_,  
**Claimant,**

v. **Action Number: 08-BOR-992**

**West Virginia Department of  
Health and Human Resources,**

**Respondent.**

**DECISION OF STATE HEARING OFFICER**

**I. INTRODUCTION:**

This is a report of the State Hearing Officer resulting from a fair hearing concluded on April 15, 2008 for \_\_\_\_\_. This hearing was held in accordance with the provisions found in the Common Chapters Manual, Chapter 700 of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources. This fair hearing was convened on April 4, 2008 on a timely appeal filed February 26, 2008.

**II. PROGRAM PURPOSE:**

The program entitled **Medicaid Long-Term Care** (nursing facility services) is set up cooperatively between the Federal and State governments and administered by the West Virginia Department of Health & Human Resources.

Nursing Home Care is a medical service, which is covered by the State’s Medicaid Program. Payment for care is made to nursing homes, which meet Title XIX standards for the care provided to eligible recipients. In order to qualify for Nursing Home Care, an individual must meet both financial and medical eligibility criteria.

**III. PARTICIPANTS:**

\_\_\_\_\_, Claimant  
\_\_\_\_\_, LSW, \_\_\_\_\_ Health Care System  
\_\_\_\_\_, RN \_\_\_\_\_ Health Care System  
Nora McQuain, RN, BMS (Participated telephonically)  
Stacy Holstine, RN, WVMI (Participated telephonically)

Presiding at the hearing was Thomas E. Arnett, State Hearing Officer and a member of the State Board of Review.

*All parties participated telephonically.*

**IV. QUESTION TO BE DECIDED:**

The question(s) to be decided is whether the Department was correct in its determination that the Claimant fails to meet the medical eligibility criteria for continued participation in the Medicaid Long-Term Care (Nursing Facility) Program.

**V. APPLICABLE POLICY:**

West Virginia Medicaid Manual, 508, 508.1 and 508.2

**VI. LISTING OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE ADMITTED:**

**Department's Exhibits:**

- D-1 West Virginia Medicaid (WV Provider Manual) Policy Manual, 508, 508.1 and 508.2 (Medicaid, Long-Term Care)
- D-2 Pre-Admission Screening (PAS) dated 2/8/08
- D-3 Denial Notice from WVMI dated 2/19/08
- D-4 Correspondence from [REDACTED] MSW, LSW, dated 2/26/08

**VII. FINDINGS OF FACT:**

- 1) On or about February 19, 2008, the Claimant was notified that his application for Medicaid Long-Term Care benefits was denied (D-3). This notice states:

Notice: Your request for Long-Term Care (Nursing home) admission has been denied.

An evaluation of your current limitations related to your medical condition(s) was conducted based on the information submitted to WVMI on the Pre-Admission Screening (PAS) form. It has been determined you are ineligible for long-term care (nursing home) admission based upon WV Medicaid criteria.

REASON FOR DECISION: Eligibility for long-term care placement being funded by Medicaid requires that you have at least five (5) areas of care needs (deficits) that meet the severity criteria. Documentation does not reflect that you have 5 deficits at the level required. Your request for long-term care is being denied. The PAS (Pre-Admission Screening Form), reflected deficiencies that meet the severity criteria in 0 areas identified below.

- 2) The Department cited Medicaid regulations and presented testimony to explain how Medicaid policy was applied to the medical findings documented on the Claimant's Pre-Admission Screening Form (PAS) completed on February 8, 2008 (D-2). According to the WVMI RN, the Claimant's physician completed the medical assessment and that documentation was relied upon by WVMI to identify qualifying deficits. The Department noted that the Claimant's medical assessment identified zero (0) qualifying deficits, and as a result, he fails to meet Medicaid medical eligibility criteria for a nursing facility level of care.
- 3) Witnesses testifying on behalf of Claimant purported that the Claimant suffers from CHF (Congestive Heart Failure) and that he has experienced "flash" edema in the past - he fills with fluid and then cannot breathe and becomes debilitated. According to the Claimant's representatives, when the Claimant is feeling well, he can vacate (with supervision) and eat independently but he cannot after an episode where he has been physically debilitated. In addition, RN [REDACTED] testified that the Claimant is not mentally capable of administering his own medications.
- 4) The Department noted that the Claimant's plan of care should be designed to manage/treat the Claimant's CHF – dietary, weight monitoring, fluid intake etc..., so to reduce and/or avoid the episodes of edema. In addition, the Department noted that the Claimant requires prompting and supervision in order to manage his medications as the Claimant can place pill medications in his mouth. The Department noted that prompting and supervision does not count as a deficit in medication administration.
- 5) WV DHHR Medicaid, Long Term Care Policy §508.2, (Medical Eligibility) states as follows:

To qualify medically for the nursing facility Medicaid benefit, an individual must need direct nursing care twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week. The Bureau has designated a tool known as the Pre-Admission Screening form (PAS) to be utilized for physician certification of the medical needs of individuals applying for the Medicaid benefit. See Attachment. An individual must have a minimum of five (5) deficits identified on the PAS in order to qualify for the Medicaid nursing facility benefit. These deficits may be any of the following:

- #24: Decubitus – Stage 3 or 4
- #25: In the event of an emergency, the individual is c) mentally unable or d) physically unable to vacate a building. a) and b) are not considered deficits.
- #26: Functional abilities of individual in the home.

Eating – Level 2 or higher (physical assistance to get nourishment, not preparation)

Bathing – Level 2 or higher (physical assistance or more)

Grooming – Level 2 or higher (physical assistance or more)

Dressing – Level 2 or higher (physical assistance or more)

Continence - Level 3 or higher (must be incontinent)

Orientation – Level 3 or higher (totally disoriented, comatose)

Transfer – Level 3 or higher (one person or two persons assist in the home)

Walking – Level 3 or higher (one person assist in the home)

Wheeling – Level 3 or higher (must be Level 3 or 4 on walking in the home to use Level 3 or 4 for wheeling in the home. Do not count outside the home.)

- #27: Individual has skilled needs in one or more of these areas – (g) suctioning, (h) tracheostomy, (i) ventilator, (k) parenteral fluids, (l) sterile dressings, or (m) irrigations.
- #28: Individual is not capable of administering his/her own medications.

The assessment tool designated by the Bureau for Medical Services must be completed and signed and dated by a physician. It is then forwarded to the Bureau or its designee for medical necessity review. The assessment tool must be completed and reviewed for every individual residing in a nursing facility no matter what the payment source for services.

### **VIII. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

- 1) To qualify medically for the Medicaid Long-Term Care Program, policy states that an individual must require direct nursing care twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week. A tool known as the Pre-Admission Screening form (PAS) is utilized for physician certification of the medical needs of individuals applying for the Medicaid benefit. An individual must have a minimum of five (5) qualifying deficits on the PAS in order to qualify medically. These deficits are derived from a combination of assessment elements on the PAS completed by the evaluating physician.
- 2) The February 8, 2008 PAS (D-2) reveals that the Claimant demonstrated zero (0) program qualifying deficits.
- 3) The Claimant contested only three (3) areas – vacating, eating and administering medications. Although it was noted that the Claimant was having a good day on the date of the assessment, there is no clinical documentation to support the establishment of a deficit in the contested areas. Additionally, had all three contested areas been awarded, the Claimant would still have fallen short of the required five (5) deficits needed to establish medical eligibility.
- 4) Whereas the Claimant demonstrates zero (0) qualifying deficits, medical eligibility for participation in the Medicaid Long-Term Care program cannot be established.

**IX. DECISION:**

It is the decision of the State Hearing Officer to **uphold** the Department's action to deny the Claimant's application Medicaid Long-Term Care (Nursing Facility) benefits.

**X. RIGHT OF APPEAL:**

See Attachment

**XI. ATTACHMENTS:**

The Claimant's Recourse to Hearing Decision

Form IG-BR-29

**ENTERED this 15<sup>th</sup> Day of April, 2008.**

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**Thomas E. Arnett**  
**State Hearing Officer**