

State of West Virginia DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES Office of Inspector General Board of Review PO Box 6165 Wheeling, WV 26003

Joe Manchin III Governor Martha Yeager Walker Secretary

July 31, 2008

Dear Ms. _____:

Attached is a copy of the findings of fact and conclusions of law on your hearing held July 15, 2008. Your hearing request was based on the Department of Health and Human Resources' denial of medical eligibility for Medicaid coverage for Nursing Facility care.

In arriving at a decision, the State Hearings Officer is governed by the Public Welfare Laws of West Virginia and the rules and regulations established by the Department of Health and Human Resources. These same laws and regulations are used in all cases to assure that all persons are treated alike.

Eligibility for the Medicaid, Long Term Care Services is based on current policy and regulations. Some of these regulations state as follows: Medicaid, Long Term Care Services are provided to eligible Medicaid individuals who reside in a nursing care or ICF/MR facility. Individuals eligible for coverage under this group must qualify medically. The medical assessment must establish the existence of a specified number and level of care needs. A determination must also be made as to whether the individual requires active treatment. These criteria only address the appropriateness of placement, and not the provision of services. (West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual § 17.1 and 17.11 & 42 CFR)

The information, which was submitted at your hearing, revealed that you have only four (4) qualifying deficits. To be eligible for Medicaid for Nursing Facility care, you must have five (5) qualifying deficits.

It is the decision of the State Hearings Officer to **Uphold** the action of the Department to deny medical eligibility for the Medicaid, Long Term Care Program.

Sincerely,

Melissa Hastings State Hearing Officer Member, State Board of Review

cc: Erika H. Young, Chairman, Board of Review Nora McQuain, B.M.S. ______, Claimant's Power of Attorney Lee Hendricks, Social Worker

Care and Rehabilitation Center

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN RESOURCES BOARD OF REVIEW

Claimant,

v.

Action Number: 08-BOR-1468

West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources,

Respondent.

DECISION OF STATE HEARING OFFICER

I. INTRODUCTION:

This is a report of the State Hearing Officer resulting from a fair hearing concluded on July 15, 2008 for ______. This hearing was held in accordance with the provisions found in the Common Chapters Manual, Chapter 700 of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources. This fair hearing was convened on July 15, 2008 on a timely appeal filed May 30, 2008.

II. PROGRAM PURPOSE:

The Program entitled Medicaid Long Term Care (nursing facility services) is set up cooperatively between the Federal and State governments and administered by the West Virginia Department of Health & Human Resources.

Nursing Home Care is a medical service, which is covered by the State's Medicaid Program. Payment for care is made to nursing homes, which meet Title XIX standards for the care provided to eligible recipients. In order to qualify for Nursing Home Care, an individual must meet both financial and medical eligibility criteria.

III. PARTICIPANTS:

Claimant's Witnesses

, Claimant Nursing Home Social Worker , Claimant's niece and power of attorney

Department's Witnesses:

Nora McQuain RN, Bureau of Medical Services Stacey Holstein RN, WV Medical Institute Kelly Johnson, Social Worker, Bureau of Medical Services (observing)

Presiding at the Hearing was Melissa Hastings, State Hearing Officer and a member of the State Board of Review.

All parties participated telephonically.

IV. QUESTIONS TO BE DECIDED:

The question(s) to be decided is whether the Department was correct in determining ineligibility for the Medicaid, Long Term Care (Nursing Home) Program.

V. APPLICABLE POLICY:

West Virginia Long Term Care policy §508.1 and 508.2

VI. LISTING OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE ADMITTED:

Department's Exhibits:

- D-1 West Virginia Long Term Care policy §508.1 and 508.2
- D-2 Pre-Admission Screening (PAS) completed April 4, 2008
- D-3 Notification letter dated May 1, 2008
- D-4 Physician's Determination of Capacity dated January 16, 2008 with accompanying Nurse's notes

Claimant's Exhibits:

C-1 Letter dated July 2, 2008 from Dr.

VII. FINDINGS OF FACT:

- 1) Claimant is an 82-year-old female who is currently residing at the Care and Rehabilitation Center. The Claimant is diagnosed with dyspnea and significant arthritis and pain.
- 2) A Pre-Admission Screening form (PAS) was completed on April 4, 2008 by Dr. D2). This PAS was reviewed by an RN from WVMI and assigned four (4) deficits in the areas of Eating, Bathing, Dressing and Medication Administration.
- 3) The Department reviewed this PAS and issued a denial notice on May 1, 2008 (D3).
- 4) The issues raised by the Claimant and her representatives during the hearing were in the areas of her ability to vacate the building in case of an emergency, walking, wheeling and professional and technical care needs.

- 5) Testimony from the Claimant and her representatives indicates that Claimant has anxiety attacks and dementia and becomes easily confused. As a result of this confusion Claimant's representatives believe she would not be able to vacate a building in case of an emergency such as a fire. The physician completing the PAS (D2) indicates under section 25 that the Claimant could vacate the building with supervision, item 25b.
- 6) Testimony from the Claimant and her representatives indicates that Claimant can physically walk but due to her breathing problems cannot walk any distance. Utilizes a walker with a seat on it. Lays her oxygen canister on the seat to walk but can only use the walker for short distances. The physician completing the PAS (D2) under section 26i assigned a level 2 supervised/assistive device for walking.
- 7) Testimony from the Claimant and her representatives indicates that Claimant utilizes a wheelchair when going any distance in the nursing home. Mostly utilizes her feet to move the wheelchair because she has problems with her shoulder that make utilizing her arms difficult. The physician completing the PAS (D2) under section 26j assigned a level 3 situational assistance for wheeling.
- 8) Testimony from the Claimant and her representative indicates that Claimant does require continuous oxygen which is listed under item 27 on the PAS (D2). Questions why she was not allocated a deficit in determining her eligibility. The physician completing the PAS (D2) does check section 27e continuous oxygen.
- 9) WV Long Term Care Policy §508.2, Medical Eligibility:

To qualify medically for the nursing facility Medicaid benefit, an individual must need direct nursing care twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week. The Bureau has designated a tool known as the Pre-Admission Screening form (PAS) to be utilized for physician certification of the medical needs of individuals applying for the Medicaid benefit.

An individual must have a minimum of five (5) deficits identified on the PAS in order to qualify for the Medicaid facility benefit. These deficits may be any of the following:

- #24 Decubitus Stage 3 or 4
- #25 In the event of an emergency, the individual is c) mentally unable or d) physically unable to vacate a building. A) and b) are not considered deficits.
- #26 Functional abilities of individual in the home

Eating – Level 2 or higher (physical assistance to get nourishment, not preparation)

Bathing – Level 2 or higher (physical assistance or more)

Grooming – Level 2 or higher (physical assistance or more)

Dressing – Level 2 or higher (physical assistance or more)

Continence – Level 3 or higher (must be incontinent)

Orientation – Level 3 or higher (totally disoriented, comatose)

Transfer – Level 3 or higher (one person or two person assist in the home)

Walking – Level 3 or higher (one person assist in the home)

Wheeling – Level 3 or higher (must be Level 3 or 4 on walking in the home to use Level 3 or 4 for wheeling in the home. Do not count outside the home.)

- #27 Individual has skilled nursing care needs in one or more of these areas-(g) suctioning, (h) tracheostomy, (i) ventilator, (k) parenteral fluids, (l) sterile dressings or (m) irrigations.
- #28 Individual is not capable of administrating his/her own medications.

The assessment tool designated by the Bureau for Medical Services must be completed, signed, and dated by a physician. It is then forwarded to the Bureau or its designee for medical necessity review. The assessment tool must be completed and reviewed for every individual residing in a nursing facility no matter what the payment source for services.

Each nursing facility must have an original pre-admission screening tool to qualify the individual for Medicaid and to meet the federal PASRR requirements. Should the receiving nursing facility fail to obtain an approved assessment prior to admission of a Medicaid eligible individual, the Medicaid program cannot pay for services. The individual cannot be charged for the cost of care during the non-covered period.

A new medical assessment must be done for Medicaid eligibility for the nursing facility resident for all of the following situations:

- Application for the Medicaid nursing facility benefit;
- Transfer from on nursing facility to another:
- Previous resident returning from any setting other than an acute care hospital;
- Resident transferred to an acute care hospital, then to a distinct skilled nursing unit, and then returns to the original nursing facility; and
- Resident converts from private pay to Medicaid.

VIII. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

1) Policy §508.2 stipulates that five (5) deficits are required for a determination of medical eligibility for Medicaid Long Term Care Facility benefits. The PAS completed in April

2008 assessed four deficits in the areas of eating, bathing, dressing and medication administration.

2) The issues under dispute during this hearing were accurately determined by the evaluating nurse based on the PAS completed by the physician and the policy regulating the program.

Claimant's ability to vacate a building in case of emergency was accurately determined. Physician indicates on the PAS item 25 that Claimant could vacate a building with supervision, item 25b. Policy dictates the PAS must be completed by the physician indicating item 25c or d be checked to receive a deficit.

The claimant's functional ability to walk was accurately determined. Physician indicates on the PAS item 26i that Claimant can walk with supervision or an assistive device, level 2. Policy dictates the PAS must be completed by the physician indicating item 26i as a level 3 or higher to receive a deficit.

The claimant's functional ability for wheeling was accurately determined. Physician indicates on the PAS item 26j that Claimant requires situational assistance, level 3, when using a wheelchair. Policy dictates the PAS must be completed by the physician indicating items 26j as a level 3 or higher to receive a point. In addition, policy dictates that a level 3 cannot be assigned in the area of wheeling unless the area of walking is also evaluated as a level 3. Even though the physician assigned a level 3 to wheeling, he did not assign a level 3 to walking therefore a deficit cannot be given.

Item 27 Professional and technical care needs on the PAS was accurately determined. The physician indicates on item 27 that Claimant requires continuous oxygen, item 27e. No other items were checked. Policy dictates that items g, h, i, k, l and m are the only items under the professional and technical care needs section which qualify for deficits.

IX. DECISION:

It is the decision of the State Hearings Officer to **Uphold** the agency's decision to deny the Claimant's application for Medicaid for Long Term Care Facility benefits.

X. RIGHT OF APPEAL:

See Attachment

XI. ATTACHMENTS:

The Claimant's Recourse to Hearing Decision

Form IG-BR-29

ENTERED this 31st Day of July, 2008.

Melissa Hastings State Hearing Officer