













Guidelines for Management of Common Cold and Sinusitis

Problem: Common Cold in otherwise Healthy Children

Diagnosis: Signs & Symptoms include

- Rhinorrhea
- Sore throat
- Cough
- Fever

Did You Know:

- Mucopurulent rhinitis (thick, opaque or discolored nasal discharge)
 - * frequently accompanies the common cold
 - * IS NOT an indication for antibiotics unless it persists for >10 -14 days
- In children with viral URI, antibiotics DO NOT
 - * prevent illness
 - * shorten the duration of illness
- Radiographs of sinuses are frequently positive in common colds

Recommended Action:

- Reassure and educate parents
- Suggest over-the-counter remedies for relief of symptoms
- Advise parent to return if symptoms do not resolve

Problem: Sinusitis in otherwise Healthy Children

Diagnosis:

 Prolonged nonspecific upper respiratory signs & symptoms (i.e. rhinosinusitis & cough) without improvement for >10-14 days

OR

• More severe upper respiratory symptoms: $\text{fever } \ge 39^{\circ}C$ facial swelling & pain

Did You Know:

- Even with strict application of diagnostic criteria, some children will be treated with antibiotics
 who do not need them
- Color & character of nasal discharge DOES NOT predict isolation of bacterial pathogen
- Radiographs may be indicated when
 - * episodes of sinusitis are recurrent
 - * complications are suspected

Recommended Action:

- Amoxicillin for 10-14 days
- Advise parents to return for re-evaluation if symptoms do not improve within 72 hours

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For more complete guidance:

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