WV CHIP

 To close the WV CHIP AG upon notification from the DFA Policy Unit. Adverse notice requirements do not apply.

NOTE: When one child's circumstances result in closure of their WV CHIP AG, other WV CHIP recipients, if otherwise eligible, continue to receive their 12-month period of continuous eligibility, unaffected.

- To complete a Medicaid evaluation based on existing case circumstances, for the month following WV CHIP AG closure. If approved for Medicaid, usual program notification requirements apply.
- To provide the client the opportunity to reapply for Medicaid based on current circumstances.
- To notify the DFA Policy Unit when the WV CHIP AG is closed and provide other case-specific information as requested.
- To document on CMCC, the information related to the WV CHIP AG closure, including that the child is ineligible for the remainder of the current calendar/benefit year and his potential eligibility for the new calendar/benefit year.
- To reinstate, effective January of the new calendar/benefit year, any months of WV CHIP 12-month period of continuous eligibility remaining from the original WV CHIP certification period.

NOTE: Remaining months of the original WV CHIP 12-month period of continuous eligibility must be reinstated, unless the client is otherwise ineligible for WV CHIP or is now a Medicaid recipient. The reinstatement of WV CHIP occurs without the client's request or a reapplication.

EXAMPLE: Bill Lantz's WV CHIP certification period is September 2009 through August 2010. He reaches the annual benefit maximum on November 5, 2009. The DFA Policy Unit staff notifies the Supervisor on November 8, 2009, who closes the WV CHIP AG the same day and evaluates him for Medicaid. Bill continues to be ineligible and is referred to the Cincinnati Children's Hospital for no-cost services.

WV CHIP

Prior to the December deadline, the DFA Policy Unit staff contacts the Supervisor to reopen Bill's WV CHIP AG effective January of the new calendar/benefit year. Bill has 8 months of the WV CHIP 12-month period of continuous eligibility remaining from his original certification period. No special assistance is needed from the DFA Policy Unit staff regarding the redetermination process for this AG and the appropriate redetermination form is sent in July in accordance with Section 7.2,D.

EXAMPLE: Sue **Roberts** reaches the annual benefit maximum in 2009 and the Worker closes the WV CHIP AG. The Worker completes a Medicaid evaluation for the following month. The family's income has decreased. Even though Sue has 2 months of WV CHIP continuous eligibility remaining, she is now a Medicaid recipient with a Medicaid CME. Her WV CHIP is not reinstated when the new calendar/benefit year begins. Medicaid redetermination policies apply.

- To provide the opportunity for a WV CHIP redetermination.

EXAMPLE: Sandy and Randy Lance are approved for WV CHIP with certification periods of April 1, 2008 through March 31, 2009. Sandy reaches the annual benefit maximum in September 2008 and her WV CHIP AG is closed. A Medicaid evaluation is completed for October and she continues to be ineligible. The DFA Policy Unit staff contacts the Supervisor prior to the December deadline to reinstate Sandy's remaining 3 months of WV CHIP, effective January of the new calendar/benefit year. Since Randy's AG remained open and his AG is due for a non-passive review, RAPIDS issues a WV-KIDS-1 in the 11th month of the certification period in accordance with Section 7.2,D and both children are provided the opportunity for a WV CHIP redetermination.