### 1.1 INTRODUCTION

This Chapter describes the application and redetermination processes for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP - formerly known as the Food Stamp Program), WV WORKS and all Medicaid coverage groups, except those related to long-term care. See Chapter 17. Also included is specific information about each benefit.

General requirements that are not specific to any Program or coverage group are included together. The general section is followed by a section describing all of the Department's application forms. Policies and procedures specific to each Program or coverage group are also included.

Data entry instructions for all programs are in the RAPIDS User Guide.

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#### Application/Redetermination Process

### 1.2 GENERAL INFORMATION

This Section contains general information, applicable to all Programs and coverage groups.

### A. APPLICANT AND POTENTIAL APPLICANT'S RIGHTS

In addition to addressing all questions and concerns the client may have, the Worker must explain the benefits of each Program and inform the client of his right to apply for any or all of them.

1. Right To Apply

No person is denied the right to apply for any Program administered by the Division of Family Assistance. Every person must be afforded the opportunity to apply for all Programs on the date he expresses his interest.

**NOTE:** When an application has been made for WV WORKS and/or Medicaid and the application is denied, withdrawn, approved for a DCA payment, or held pending additional information, the AG must not be required to make a separate application for SNAP benefits. SNAP eligibility must be determined using the application already completed.

When it is not feasible for the applicant to be interviewed on the date he expresses his interest, he must be allowed to complete the process at a later date. An appointment may be scheduled for his return, or the client may return at his convenience, depending upon the procedure established by the CSM. The same procedure must be used for all applicants within the county. If a follow-up appointment is scheduled and the applicant appears for the interview, he must be seen on that day and not required to return again to complete the application process.

**NOTE:** SNAP applicants must be given a scheduled interview when it is not feasible to conduct an interview on the date the application is made. Any special needs such as, but not limited to, the applicant's work schedule, must be accommodated.

**NOTE:** When the applicant has completed the interactive interview, and there is a technical failure that prevents printing the **DFA-2**, form **DFA-5** must be signed by the applicant and filed in the record with the **DFA-2** after it is printed. He must not be required to return to the office to sign the **DFA-2** when the **DFA-5** has been signed.

2. Right To Information

All those who have applied for benefits, or who inquire about the requirements for receiving benefits, must have the requested information provided. This includes a general explanation of the eligibility requirements and answers to specific questions. If the Worker does not know the answer to the specific question, he may request that his Supervisor submit the question to the DFA Economic Services or Family Support Policy Unit. However, applicants and potential applicants must not be referred to the DFA Policy Unit for a direct response.

## 3. Right To Consideration For All Programs

It is the Worker's responsibility to explain and make available all of the Department's programs for which the applicant could qualify. Unless the applicant specifically states he is not interested in being considered for WV WORKS, including DCA; SNAP benefits; Medicaid; or SCA, during the appropriate time period, the Worker must evaluate potential eligibility for each of these. The evaluation of eligibility is accomplished in RAPIDS.

Mail-in applications for any program must be evaluated for all other programs based on the available information.

The Worker has a choice of 3 codes for the affected programs on ACPA:

- N--The applicant has specifically requested that his eligibility not be considered for the benefit.
- Y--The applicant has specifically requested that his eligibility be determined for the benefit. If it is determined that the applicant is not eligible, this benefit is denied. If he is eligible, the Worker must confirm eligibility to approve receipt of the benefit. Once the decision is made, the AG is considered to be Determined, or in Determined AG Status.
- E--The applicant or the Worker wants to determine potential eligibility for a program. If not determined potentially eligible, no further action is needed; no client notification is required. If he is determined potentially eligible, the Worker must confirm while in "E" status to issue client notification. No benefit is issued to an AG coded as "E" even when the AG is confirmed, and the calculated benefit amount is not used in any other RAPIDS functionality and is not included in the notice of potential eligibility. Once the decision is made, the AG is considered Evaluated, or in Evaluated AG Status.

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The AG Status Codes displayed on AGEC in RAPIDS indicate if an AG is Determined or Evaluated as follows:

Eligibility Status	Determined AG Status	Evaluated AG Status
Pass	OP	PO
Fail	CL	PC
Denied	DE	PD
Pend	PE	PP
Spenddown Pending	MD	PM

When an Evaluated AG passed and is confirmed, a client notice is issued from RAPIDS to inform the applicant that he may be eligible for a benefit for which he did not apply and that he must contact his local office for information or to apply.

### 4. **Right To Voter Registration Services**

The National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (NVRA), also known as the Motor Voter Act, is a federal civil rights law that requires public assistance agencies to provide voter registration services. A voter registration application and declination form must be provided at any point a client engages in an application, recertification, or reports a change of address in conjunction with benefits. When an application, recertification or change of address is submitted via any method other than a face-to-face contact with a Worker, a voter registration application and a declination form must be mailed to the client.

West Virginia election laws require that the Department of Health and Human Resource offices provide voter registration services in conjunction with the following benefits:

- WV WORKS
- SNAP
- Low-Income Energy Assistance Program
- Medicaid

Workers must provide the same level of assistance with voter registration applications as they would with any other agency form or service. This includes reviewing the voter registration application to ensure all required fields are completed and answering any questions the client may have. Workers must submit all completed declination forms, including those marked "yes", "no", or those left blank by the client, and voter registration applications to their county NVRA Coordinator.

See Appendices F & G for Worker and County Coordinator responsibilities.

The Bureau for Children and Families (BCF) State Coordinator shall oversee reporting and compliance of voter registration services. A list of responsibilities assumed by the BCF State Coordinator may be found in Appendix H.

The BCF State Coordinator may be contacted at (304) 558-8290.

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- 5. Right to Fair and Equitable Treatment of Applicants and Recipients
  - a. Introduction

West Virginia has established procedures for ensuring fair and equitable treatment of applicants and recipients of public assistance. The West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources must ensure that no person shall, on the grounds of race, color, national origin, sex, religious creed, age, disability, political beliefs, or retaliation, be subjected to discrimination. Compliance with the following laws, policies and regulations assures equal opportunity for all individuals.

- The West Virginia Human Rights Act, West Virginia Code §5-11-1
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 42 U.S.C. §6101 et seq.
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §794
- The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq.
- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. §20000d et seq.
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq.

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make contacts with a domestic violence agency or the Division of Children and Adult Services in conjunction with a temporary exemption from work requirements for WV WORKS, the information must be maintained in a separate file which is secured and available only to Supervisors. Information maintained in a separate file regarding domestic violence may be presented as evidence at a Fair Hearing, so long as the client agrees to use of the information for such purpose.

- Ensure that information about available community resources addressing domestic violence is available to all persons who request it, or who, in the Worker's judgment, may benefit from it. In addition, the Worker must make an immediate referral to the appropriate domestic violence or community agency when the client requests such assistance. When possible, the referral must be made the same day. If the agency cannot make arrangements to see the client the same day, a referral to the Division of Children and Adult Services must be made the same day, if possible.
- Inform the client that he is authorized to receive information and referral services about TANF and other programs offered by the WV DHHR.
- A voter registration application and declination form must be provided at any point a client engages in an application, recertification, or reports a change of address. See Section 1.2,A,4 to assure compliance with this procedure.

# E. CLIENT RESPONSIBILITY

The client's responsibility is to provide information about his circumstances so the Worker is able to make a correct decision about his eligibility. When the client is not able to provide the required verification, the Worker must assist him. The client must be instructed that his failure to fulfill his obligation may result in one or more of the following actions:

- Denial of the application
- Closure of the active AG
- Removal of the individual from the AG
- Repayment of benefits

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- Application/Redetermination Process
- Reduction in benefits

The action taken by the Worker depends on the specific requirement. These actions are found with the specific policy or in this Chapter under the program-specific information.

Prior to taking any of the actions described above, the Worker must determine whether or not the client is able to cooperate. If he is able, but has not complied, the appropriate action described above is taken. If not, the Worker must assist the client in obtaining the required information.

# F. APPLICANT RECEIVES BENEFITS FROM ANOTHER STATE

When an applicant states that he is or has been receiving SNAP benefits, cash assistance and/or Medicaid from another state and presents a letter which shows the last date for which he received benefits, contact with the other state is usually necessary only to inquire about repayment of benefits in that state, if the issue is not addressed in the letter. However, if cash assistance is involved, a contact is also necessary to determine the amount and the number of months received. The Worker must obtain the following information by telephone from the other state. The American Public Human Services Association (APHSA) Directory contains current telephone numbers. This information may also be found on state web sites on the internet.

- Date on which the client last received or will receive his last benefits
- Effective date of the termination of benefits

**NOTE:** The effective date of benefit closure in West Virginia is the month for which the client last received benefits. This may not be true in other states.

- The individuals included in the benefit
- Whether or not any of the client's last benefits were returned to the agency
- For WV WORKS cases: the Worker must determine how many months the client received TANF payments in the other state.

**NOTE:** States had until July, 1997 to convert from AFDC/U to a TANFfunded program. Therefore, for benefits received prior to 7/97, the Worker must also determine how many months of the cash assistance payments were funded under TANF. Appendix C contains information about when other states converted to TANF funding.

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- For SNAP AG's with ABAWDs only: The Worker must contact the other state to determine and record when the individual's 36-month period began, how many months of his 3-month limit without meeting the work requirement he has used, and if any of the benefits he received were prorated.

- Reviewing the **DFA-2** to make certain that the client understood each question and answered to the best of his ability. If the client is unable to complete the form himself, and there is no one else to help him, the Worker must complete the form based on information provided by the client.
- Explaining the applicant's responsibility to provide complete and accurate information and the penalties for failure to do so.
- Discussing all statements on the DFA-RR-1 with the client to be sure he understands each one and marks each appropriately.
- Explaining fully the benefits of the Program(s) for which the client applies. This includes: when benefits are received, how received, description of the benefit, how to use the benefit, as well as any other pertinent information related to receipt and use of the benefit.
- Explaining how eligibility for the Program(s) is determined and, if applicable, how the amount of the benefit is computed.

- Explaining the applicant's reporting requirements.
- Providing the applicant with a list of verifications needed to determine eligibility, using form DFA-6 or the RAPIDS verification checklist. He must also be told the penalty for failure to provide the verifications and what he must do if he finds he cannot obtain it by the deadline.
- Explaining other resources within the agency from which the client may benefit.
- Explain to the client that he is authorized to receive information and referral services about TANF and other programs offered by the Department.
- Finding resources to meet the client's emergency needs by referral to a community resource or by an application for Emergency Assistance.
- Ensuring that information about available community resources addressing domestic violence issues is made available to all persons who could benefit from it.
- Referring all clients who request assistance in dealing with domestic violence to a local domestic violence agency, so that an interview may be conducted the same day. When this is not possible, referring the client to the Division of Children and Adult Services.
- Providing each Medicaid applicant with a copy of the Department's Notice of Privacy Practices (NOPP). This includes clients who are completing a redetermination of Medicaid eligibility. In addition, the Worker must answer any questions the client may have about the document or about HIPAA or must refer the client to another source of information, such as the Regional or State-level DHHR HIPAA Privacy Officer. When no inoffice Intake Interview is conducted, the Worker must mail the NOPP with a notice about how to obtain more information. This must be done at each mail-in or online Medicaid application and redetermination.

# J. HOME VISITS

Home visits may be conducted for any Program during any phase of the eligibility determination process when the Worker or Supervisor believes a home visit is advisable. The client may also request one due to illness or inability to travel, when he has no one to act on his behalf.

**NOTE:** Home visits for SNAP AG's may only be made on a case-by-case basis and not because an AG fits an error prone or other profile.

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The client may refuse entry to the Department's representative without losing eligibility, as long as he provides the information which prompted the home visit within a reasonable amount of time, to be mutually agreed upon by the client and the Worker.

Eligibility is not affected for any Program by the client's failure to be home for a home visit, unless:

- At least two attempts have been made; and
- At least the second visit was scheduled; and
- The client has not contacted the county office to make other arrangements.

The **DFA-HV-1** may be left at the client's home, after the first attempt, to advise the client of a return visit. If the **DFA-HV-1** is used for this purpose, a copy must be retained by the Worker.

**NOTE:** For the SNAP Program, home visits must be scheduled. For all other Programs, the visit may be scheduled or unscheduled, at the Worker or Supervisor's discretion. If a home visit is made for another Program, and information is obtained which affects SNAP eligibility or benefit level, it is acted upon whether or not the home visit was scheduled.

## K. MAIL-IN AND inROADS APPLICATIONS AND REDETERMINATIONS

1. Applications Submitted By Mail

The Department responds to requests for applications to be mailed to potential applicants and accepts applications submitted by mail. Most Programs and coverage groups still require a face-to-face interview. This may be accomplished by the client's visiting the office, by his appointment of an authorized representative to apply on his behalf or by the Worker's making a home visit. Whether or not a face-to-face interview is required is found in Program-specific sections of this Chapter, along with any information which is specific to a particular Program or coverage group. The following is a general description of the mail-in application process.

**NOTE:** The same basic process applies when the client or his representative picks up and/or drops off an application for the client, without a contact with the Worker, and when the client requests in writing that an application form be mailed to him. The following description does not indicate which form is mailed, because the form depends upon the benefit for which the client wishes to apply. The appropriate forms are