

**NURSING FACILITY SERVICES**

monthly amount deducted is \$50. However, for an individual who is entitled to the reduced VA pension of \$90, the monthly Personal Needs Allowance is \$90.

b. Community Spouse Maintenance Allowance (CSMA)

When the institutionalized individual has a spouse living in the community, a portion of his income may be deducted for the support of the spouse at home.

To determine the CSMA, the income of the community spouse is subtracted from a Spousal Maintenance Standard (SMS) which is either:

- The minimum SMS. This is 150% of the monthly FPL for 2 persons; or
- The minimum SMS, increased by excess shelter/utility expenses, but not exceeding the maximum SMS.

See Chapter 10, Appendix A for the minimum and maximum Spousal Maintenance Standard amounts.

The remainder is the amount of the institutionalized spouse's income which can be used to meet his community spouse's needs.

The determined amount must actually be paid to the community spouse for the deduction to be applied. If the client contributes less than the determined amount, only the amount actually contributed to the community spouse is deducted. If he has been ordered by a court or a Hearings Officer to contribute more to his spouse, the higher amount is deducted.

The following steps are used to determine the amount of the CSMA.

Step 1: Add together the actual shelter cost and the amount of the current Food Stamp **Heating/Cooling Standard (HCS)**. See Chapter 10, Appendix B. The shelter cost must be from the home the institutionalized spouse and the community spouse shared prior to institutionalization, and in which the community spouse continues to live. It must have been the client's principal place of residence. Shelter

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costs include rent or mortgage payments, interest, principal, taxes, insurance and required maintenance charges for a condominium or cooperative.

Step 2: Compare the total of the costs in Step 1 to 30% of the minimum SMS. See Chapter 10, Appendix A. When the shelter/utility costs exceed 30% of the minimum SMS, subtract the 30% amount from the shelter/utility costs.

Step 3: Add the remainder from Step 2 to the minimum SMS. This amount, not to exceed the maximum SMS, is used in Step 5. See Chapter 10, Appendix A.

Step 4: Add together the community spouse's gross, non-excluded earned and unearned income.

Step 5: Subtract the Step 4 amount from the amount determined in Step 3 and if there are any cents, round the resulting amount up. This is the amount subtracted from the income of the institutionalized spouse for the needs of his community spouse.

If the Step 4 amount is equal to or greater than the Step 3 amount, no deduction is allowed.

**NOTE:** The amount used from Step 3 cannot exceed the maximum SMS.

c. **Family Maintenance Allowance (FMA)**

When the institutionalized individual has family members who are living with the community spouse and who are financially dependent upon him, an FMA is deducted from his income. This amount is deducted whether or not the individual actually provides the money to the family members.

For purposes of this deduction, family members are the following people only: minor or dependent children, dependent parents of either spouse and dependent siblings of either spouse. This deduction is applied only when the institutionalized individual has a community spouse, and such family members live with the community spouse.