

15.7 REQUIREMENT FOR BEING ENGAGED IN WORK (WV WORKS)

Starting with the first day for which benefits are received, a parent or other caretaker relative who is included in the WV WORKS AG is subject to a work requirement, unless temporarily exempt. See Chapter 13 for the temporary exemptions.

Receipt of any of the benefits listed in Section 15.6 counts as a month of benefits. No month of receipt is exempt from being counted, including months in which the client is temporarily exempt from the work requirement. The 24-month period is the first 24 months of the 60-month lifetime limit described in Section 15.6. To continue to be eligible, the client is required to be engaged in work no later than the beginning of the 25th month of benefit receipt.

Being engaged in a work activity becomes an eligibility requirement after the client has been a recipient of benefits for a total of 24 months, unless a determination of good cause is made. The months do not have to be consecutive.

NOTE: For parents or other caretakers who were active cash assistance recipients in January 1997. This is the first month counted in determining the 24-month limit for being engaged in a work activity. Recipients of TANF cash assistance in other states may have begun the 24-month period on an earlier date and may lose eligibility beginning in 10/98 with the implementation of West Virginia's definition of work for meeting the 24-month work requirement. See Chapter 1, Appendix D to determine the date TANF cash assistance began in states other than West Virginia.

NOTE: Although the 60-month lifetime limit does not apply to a non-recipient Work-Eligible parent, if another parent is included in the AG, the time limit applies to the adult AG members. The 24-month work requirement may be met by one or both parents, **this includes any non-recipient parent in the household.**

Work, for the purpose of meeting the 24-month limit, is defined as participation in one or more activities for a minimum of 5 hours per week (averaged). The Worker must not place those participants who are only completing the minimum number of hours into time-limited activities, such as Job Readiness. The activities in which the parent or caretaker may participate and be considered engaged in work include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Unsubsidized employment
- Subsidized public or private sector employment
- On-The-Job Training (OJT) programs, such as Employer Incentive Program (EIP) contracts, may be utilized as long as the participant is assigned a number of hours that will meet his participation requirements.